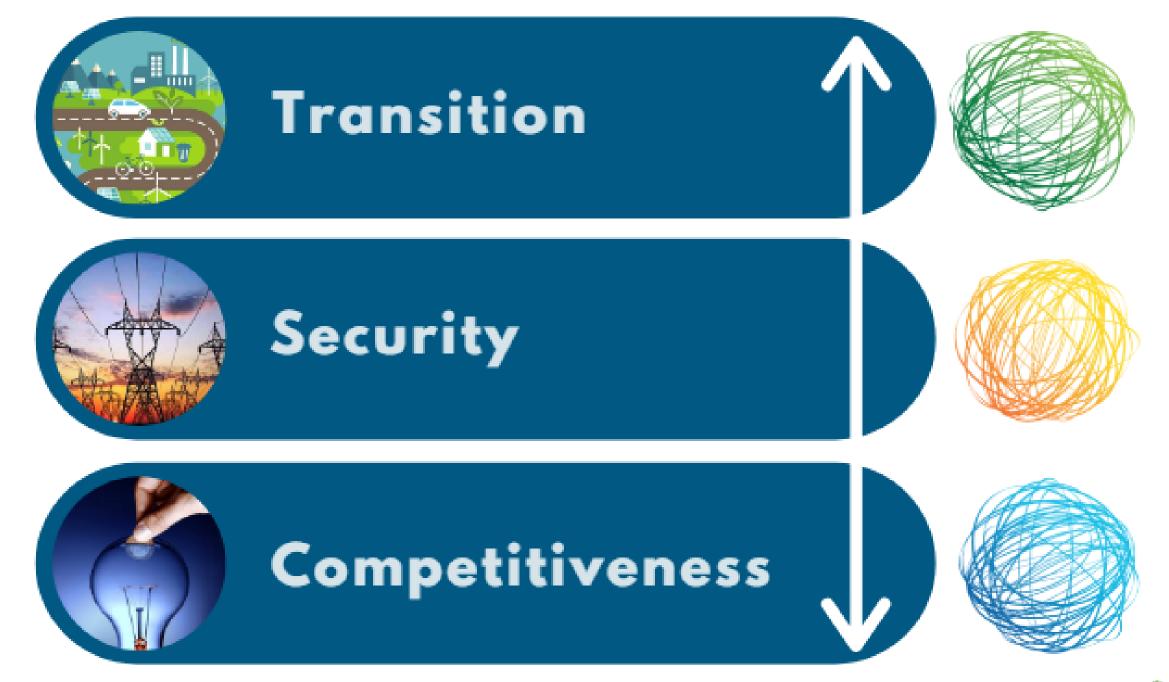
## Rio de Janeiro State



## Rio Capital of Energy Program



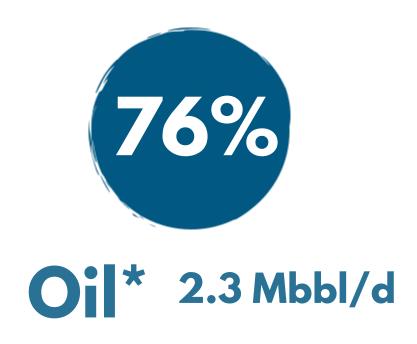
Consolidate the State of Rio de Janeiro as the "Capital of Energy", a reference in security of national supply, protagonist in the country's energy transition to a more diversified matrix, with reduction of greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions and oriented towards energy cost competitiveness.

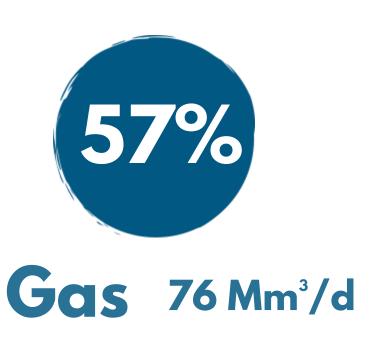


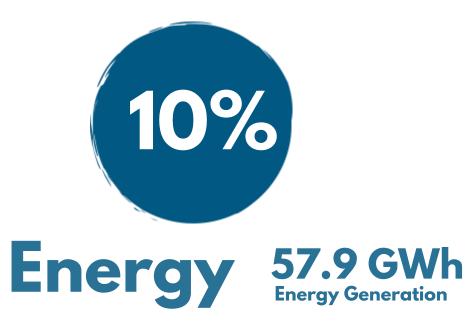
## **Energy in Rio**



#### NATIONAL PARTICIPATION







\*Brazil: 9th Largest Producer in the World Rio de Janeiro: 13th

The only nuclear power producer in Brazil.

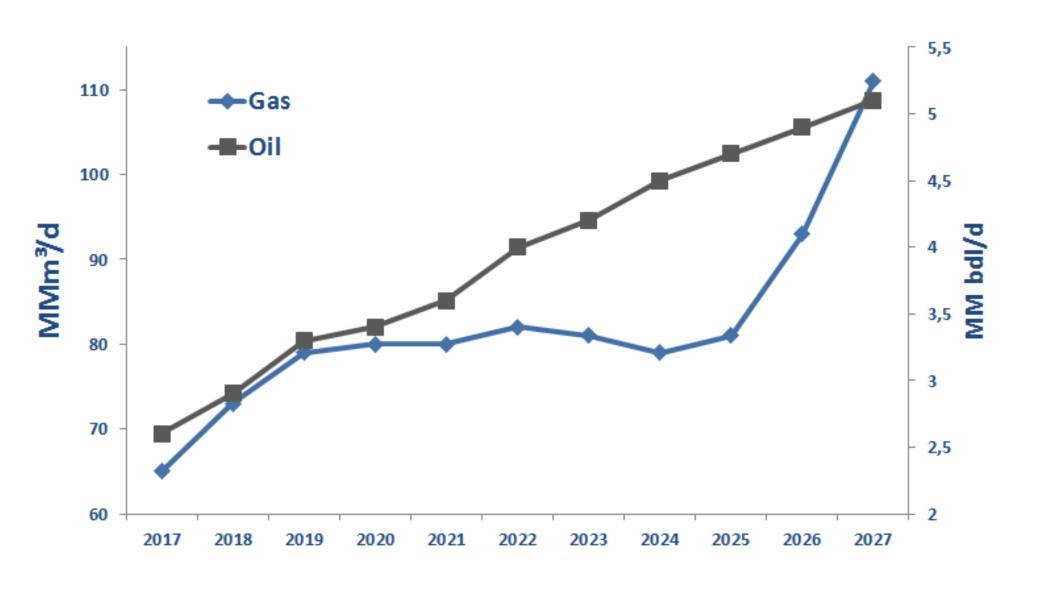
1st state in natural gas thermal generation.

3rd largest national producer of electricity



## Future O&G Production





### In The Upcoming Years...





There is a great expectation that the O&G sector will expand over the next decade.

In order for this potential to take place it will be necessary to give an economic destination to the associated gas.









## **Mature Fields**



#### Fields over 25 years or with 70% of proven reservers

#### Potential Until 2025



30 thousand new jobs



new technologies



approximately 20 elegible fields in Campos Basin - RJ



Lower Cost of production



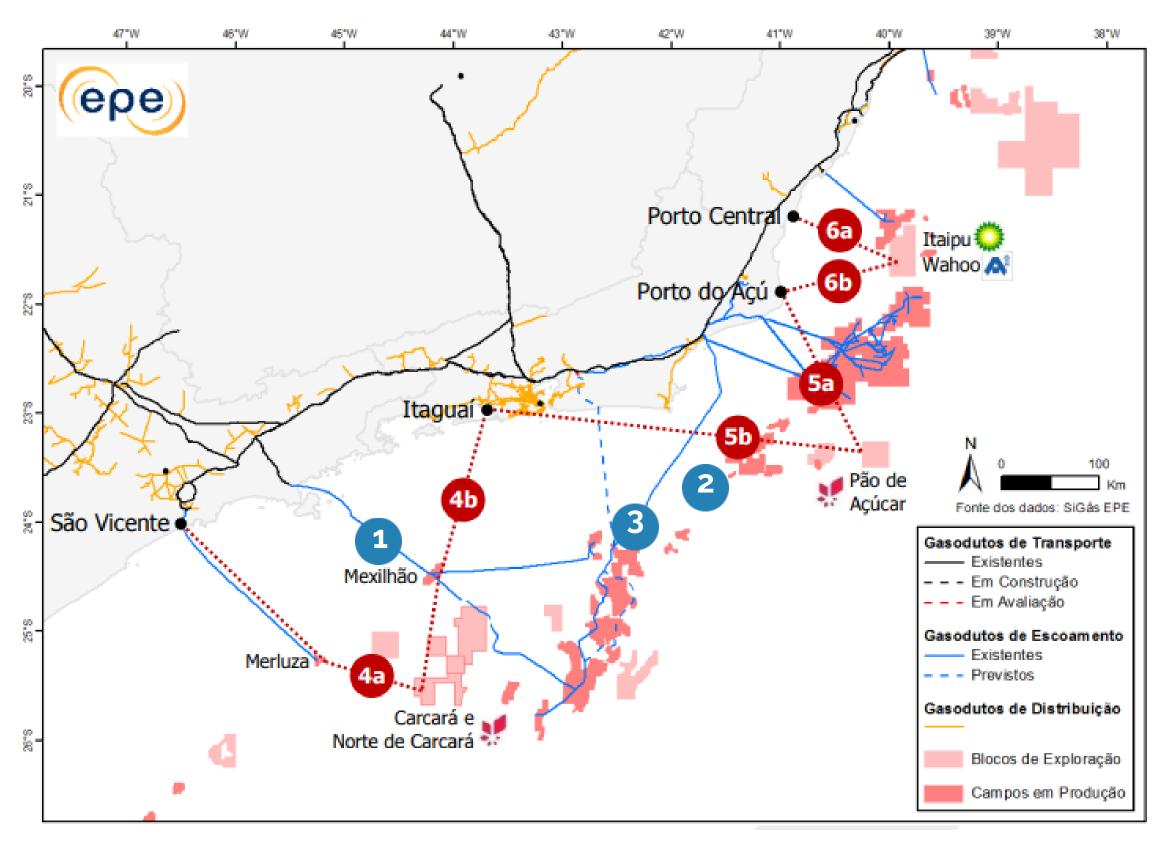
230,000 barrels of oil per day



Royalty reduction: from 10% to 5% in the incremental production

## Gas Logistics





Route	Capacity	Status
1 Caraguatatuba	10 MM m <sup>3</sup> /d	In Operation
2 Cabiúnas	16 MM m <sup>3</sup> /d	In Operation
3 COMPERJ	18 MM m <sup>3</sup> /d	In Construction
4a São Vicente	10-15 MM m <sup>3</sup> /d	In Study
4b Itaguaí	10-15 MM m <sup>3</sup> /d	In Study
5a Porto do Açu	10-15 MM m <sup>3</sup> /d	In Study
5b Itaguaí	10-15 MM m <sup>3</sup> /d	In Study
6a Porto Central	10-15 MM m <sup>3</sup> /d	In Study
6b Porto do Açu	10-15 MM m <sup>3</sup> /d	In Study

Total
Capacity

Current: 44 MM m³/day Potencial: 74-89 MM m³/day

## The New Gas Market



State of Rio is promoting actions in line with the Federal Government in order to create the "New Gas Market" – an open, dynamic, competitive and integrated market to the energy matrix.

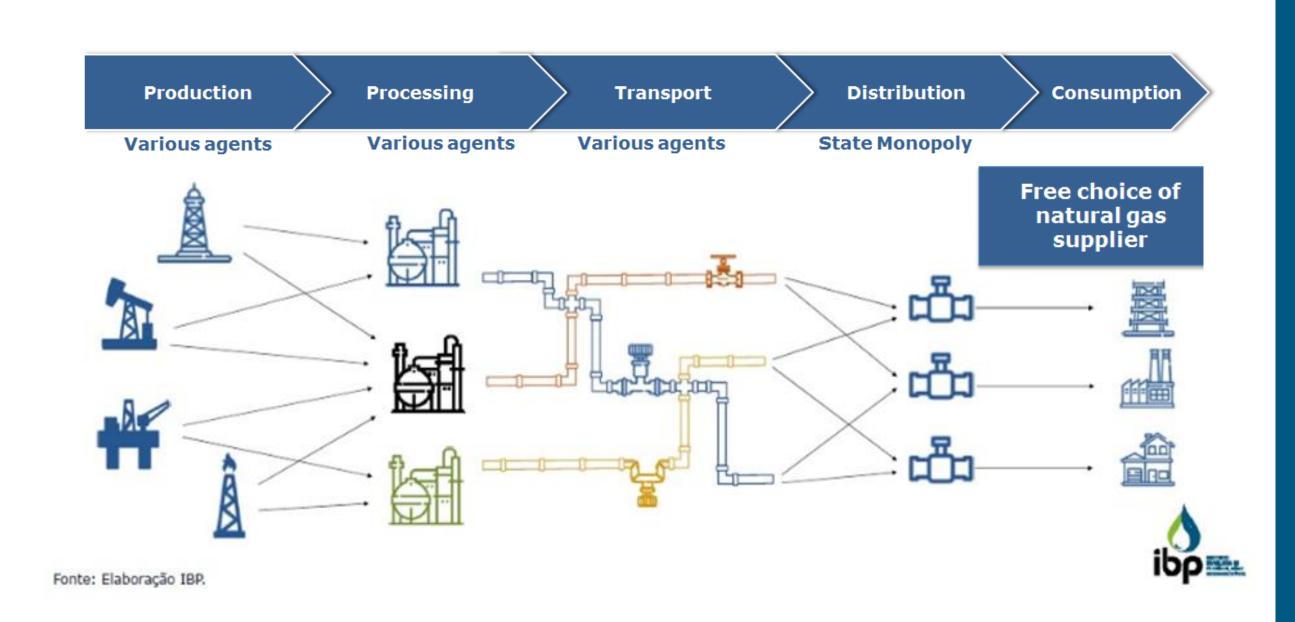
#### **Main Pillars**

**Promotion of Competition** 

**Removal of Tax Barriers** 

Harmonization of State Regulations

Integration with the Electric Sector



## New State Regulation



#### AGENERSA N° 3862 Regulation

AGENERSA has recently improved the regulation for the piped gas distribution service for Free Agents -which are gas intensive consumers.

Measures	Before	After
Minimum Volume for Free Agents	25.000 m³/dia	10.000 m³/dia
Free Agents	Difference in treatment between CL, AP e AI	Isonomy in between CL, AP e AI
Tariff for Free Agents	22.5% discount for AP and AI with Dedicated Pipeline	Specific methodology for new consumers with Dedicated Pipeline
Marketer Discount	1.9%	Under Study
Pipe Construction	LDC's Monopoly	Investor's Preference



## Impacts on the Industry



Potential investments based on a new Natural Gas Market



**Petrochemical** 



**Thermal Power Plant** 



Fertilizers





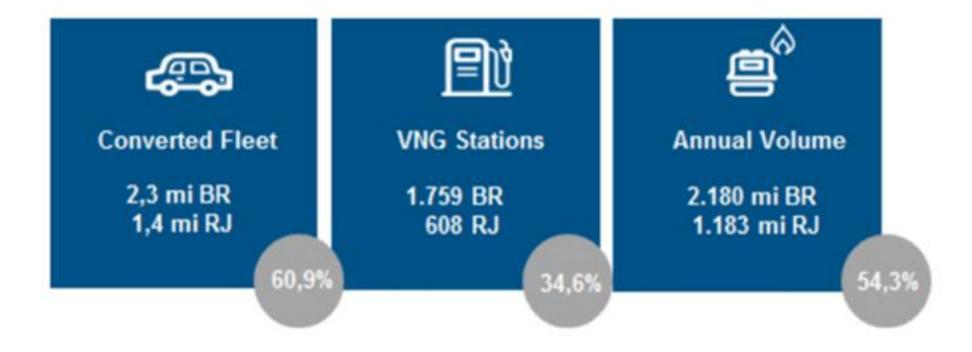




## Gas for Transports



## Brazil imports in diesel the equivalent of 39 million m³/day of gas





- Energy matrix diversification
- Reduction of diesel oil imports
- Reduction in transport costs
- Greenhouse gas and particulate emission reduction
- Noise Reduction
- Sustainability: CO2 reduction

#### Working Group Focused on Structuring Projects using Gas

VNG Gas Station Expansion

Intensified Use of NG in Heavy Vehicles

## Rio de Janeiro State Protagonism



- Transparency in the piped gas distribution service tariff calculation methodology
- Efficiency in the gas acquisition by LDCs.
- Autonomous Regulatory Agency
- Adherence to tax adjustments
- · Network expansion policy with economic criteria







#### Vocations



Maintenance and Repair due to Maritime Cabotage and supply vessels demand;



Modules & Topsides Construction and Integration



Decommissioning, Shipscrapping and Maritime Cabotage (BR do Mar)



Technological Naval Cluster







There will be a demand for 200 vessels in Brazil, among Offshore Supply Vessels, Container Ships, Bulk carriers, Port Tugs, Pushers and Barges. Rio will be directly impacted by half of this huge fleet until 2023.

#### Is related to 3 main vectors

- Oil & gas exploration
- BR do Mar Program
- Investment Partnership Program (PPI)



## Decommissioning Opportunities



Decommissioning: an inducer for the revitalization of the Rio de Janeiro State's shipbuilding industry

#### **Units over 25 Years Scenario**

66 Units in Brazil

22 Close to Rio

Units foreseen by ANP for RJ



Scrap metal TON: US\$ 200-450

Market Ripple Effect:

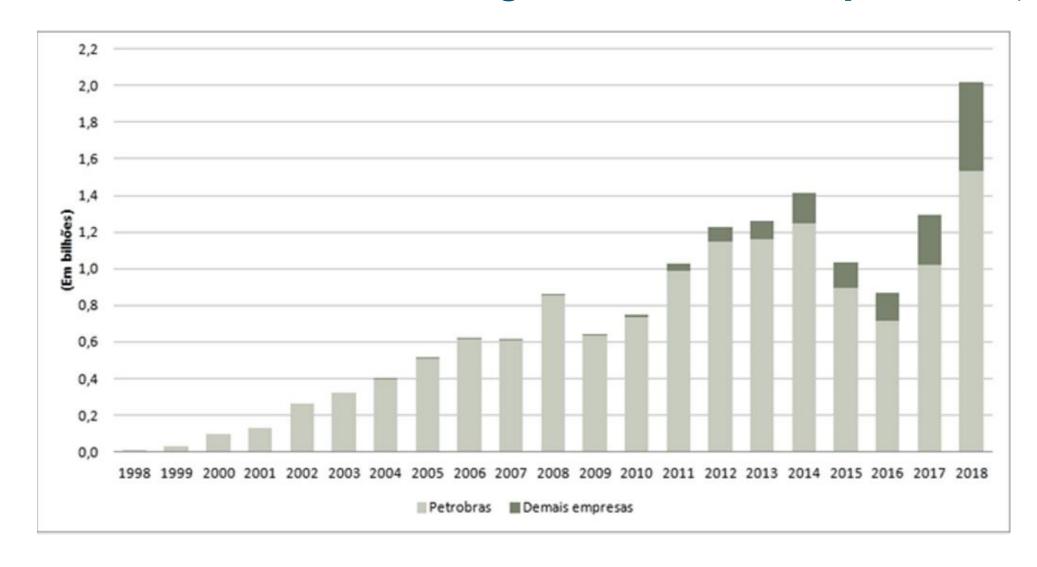
- Engineering projects;
- Cargo movements;
- Waste management;
- Underwater inspection;
- Manufacture and assembly;
- Cutting and welding services;
- Subsea services (ROV, Risers, etc)

ANP, IBAMA and Navy have issued a Joint Standard Note on the theme which is in Public Hearing now

## R&D Clause - ANP



#### Volume of Investment Obligations Generated per Year (Up to 4th Quarter / 2018)



Changes in ANP Regulation No. 3/2015 (Resolution No 799, September 2nd, 2019)

- Extinction of the Scientific Technical Committee (COMTEC)
- Non-interference by the Agency on the allocation of Intangible Assets rights that shall comply with the law
- Expansion of the scope of application of resources in own facilities (oil companies), supplier companies, Universities and Research Centers

Expected R&D investments of approximately R\$ 3 billion per year over the next 30 years.

## Industrial Investments



CAPEX (approximately)

US\$ 4.5 BILLION

1. Itaboraí - Maricá

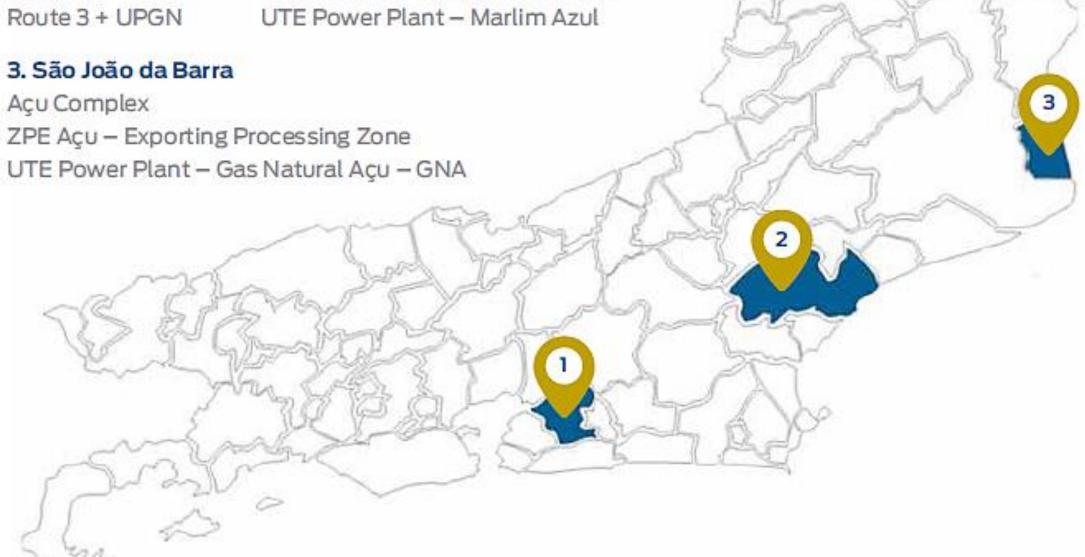
Comperj

2. Macaé

TEPOR - Port Terminal of Macaé UTE Power Plant - Marlim Azul

3. São João da Barra

UTE Power Plant - Gas Natural Açu - GNA



#### Comperj

- Route 3 Gas Pipeline
- 2020 conclusion
- NGPP operation by 2021

#### **TEPOR**

- 2 terminals
- Crude Oil storage with 4.5 million barrels

#### **Açu Port**

- Latin America's biggest port
- 2 NGPP by 2021 (3 GW capacity incremental potential up to 6 GW)
- LNG terminal capacity: 21 MMm3/day



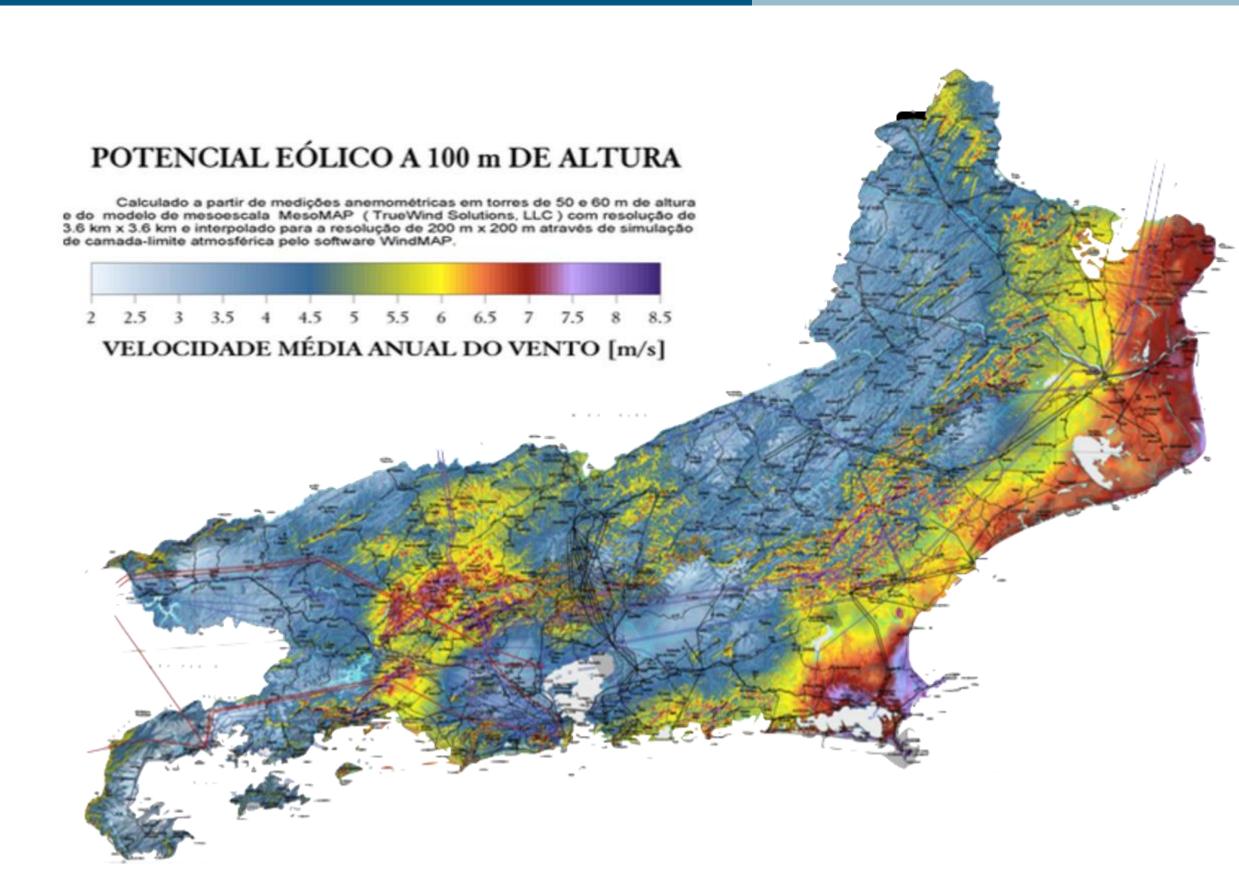


Rio de Janeiro has an electric park installed

Gargaú: 28 MW - Supplies 80,000 habitants from São Francisco de Itabapoana

#### **RJ State Potential**

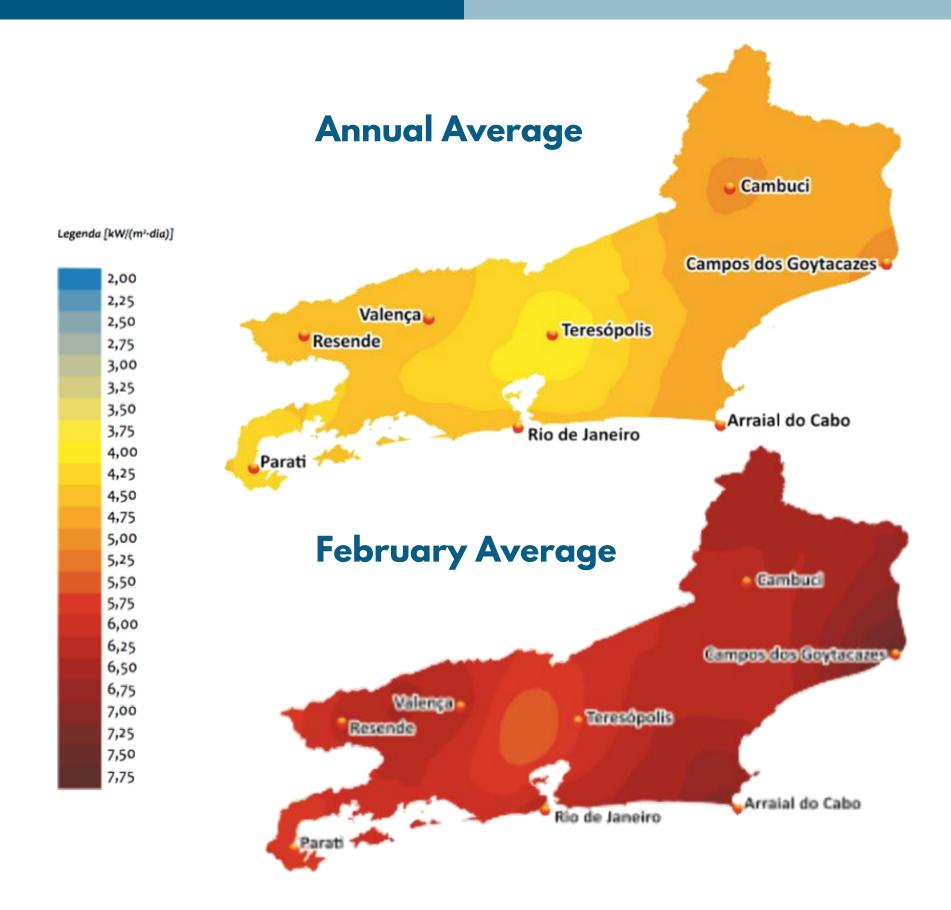








- Annual global solar irradiation from 1,460 to 2,010 kWh / m2
- Rio de Janeiro has higher solar radiation than Germany
- Potential: Rooftop 17,8 GW
   Ground 123 GW
- The entire state is mapped and all data is available online.







Potential: 1 MM m<sup>3</sup>/day (~ 167 MW) For every 100,000 m<sup>3</sup>/day will generate:

- 60 direct jobs and 200 indirect jobs
- Contribution for the Low Carbon Economy

638 K Rio de Janeiro per Source (m³/day)



**116** K

Sanitary



Sugar Cane Agroindustrial



Source: ABiogás



#### **Dois Arcos**

Capacity: 15,000 m<sup>3</sup>/day

Municipality: São Pedro da Aldeia



#### Gás Verde

Capacity: 213,000 m³/day Municipality: Seropédica



#### Gás Verde

Capacity: 16.9 MW

Municipality: Nova Iguaçu

#### Gás Verde (under construction)

Capacity: 8,5 MW

Municipality: São Gonçalo

## Danke!

# Lucas Tristão Secretary of Economic Development, Energy and International Relations

GOVERNO DO ESTADO
RIO DE JANEIRO
VAMOS VIRAR O JOGO

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