

## Finnish wind power from minor to major

9.5.2023

Heidi Paalatie Finnish Wind Power Association

### **Finnish Wind Power Association** (STY, FWPA)

- Valued industry association for wind power
- Established in 1988
- Over 210 company members, app. 160 private members
  - Wide range of companies related to wind power field
- 8 employees hiring two more in 2023!
- HQ in Jyväskylä
- Spreads the word about the wind power, active participant in public discussion, publishes magazine "Tuulivoima", organizes seminars and courses

www.fwpa.fi, www.tuulivoimayhdistys.fi

www.windfinland.fi, www.tuulivoimalehti.fi

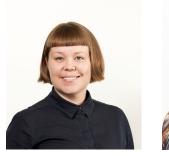






Anni

Kimmo







Anna

Johanna

Aino



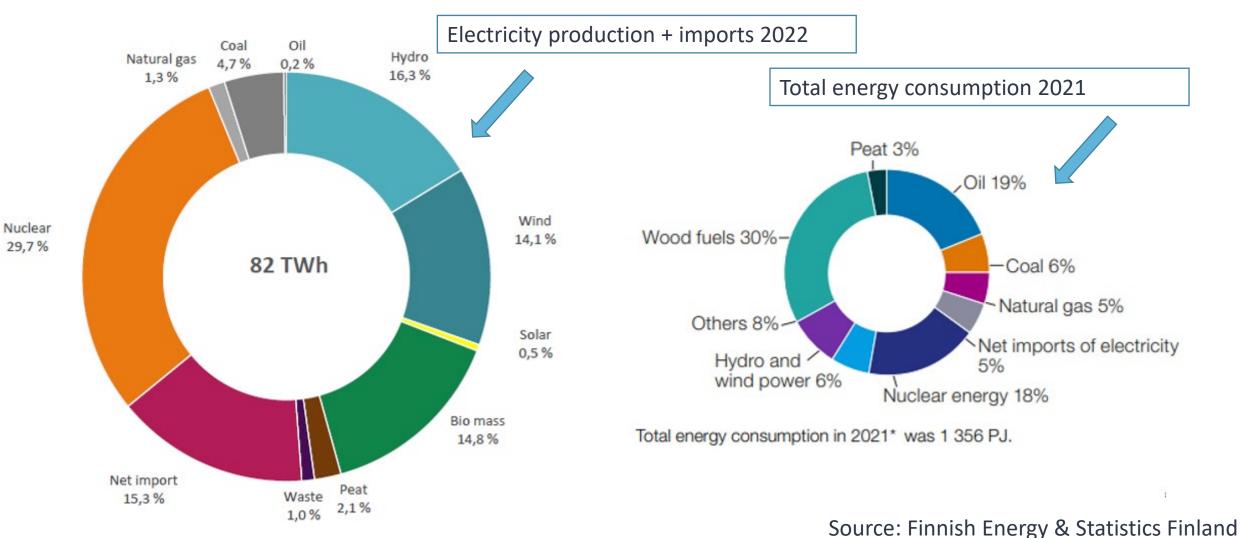


Anne

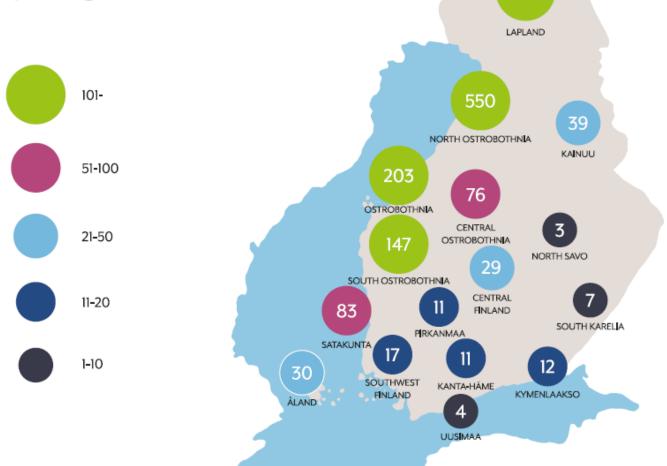
Maria



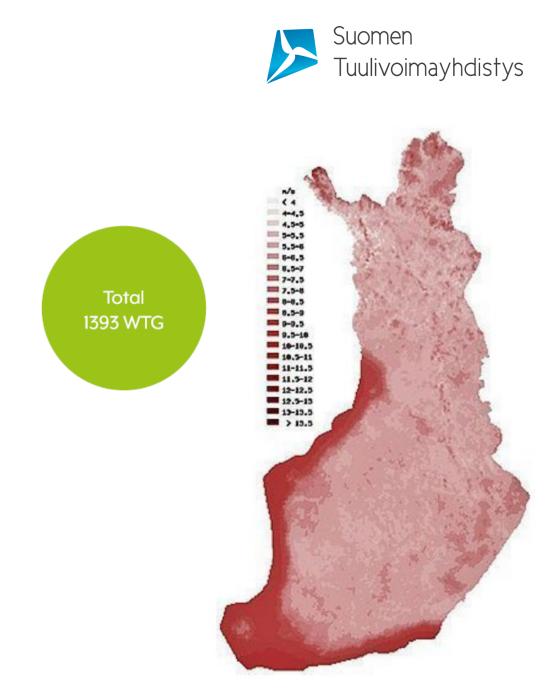
#### Electricity clean – but work to do in all energy

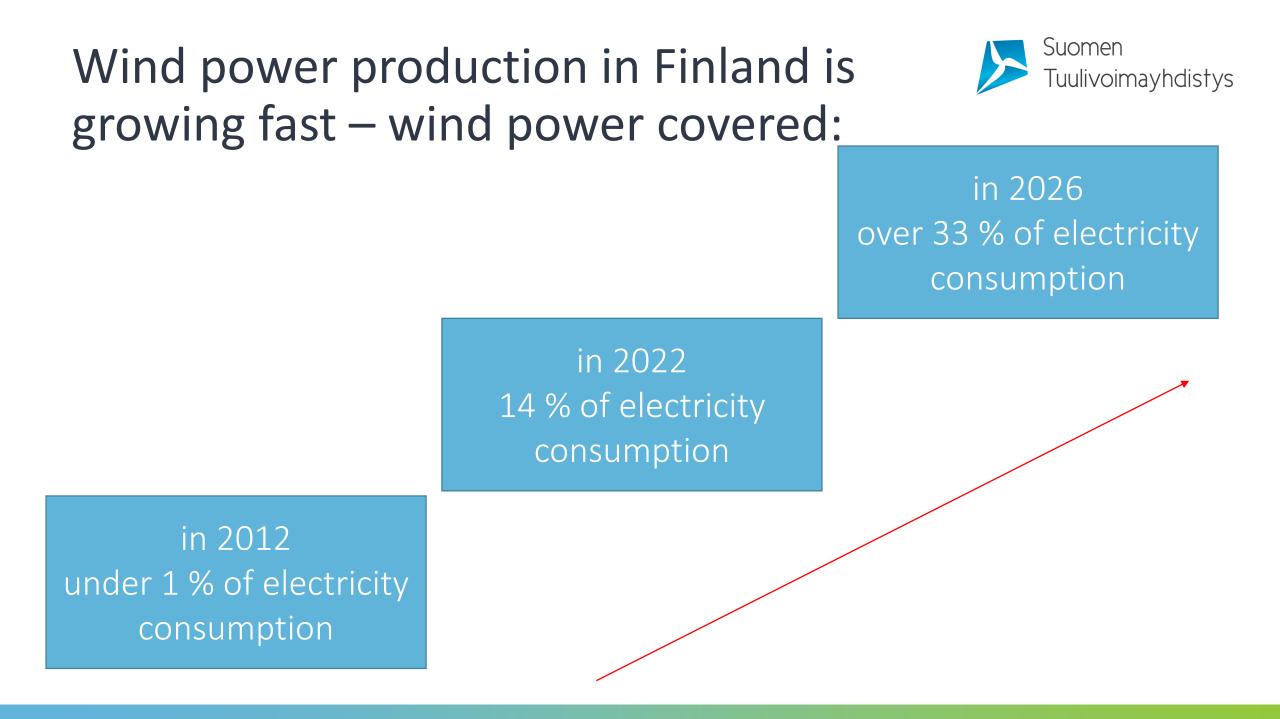


#### Distribution of wind turbine generators by region (2022)



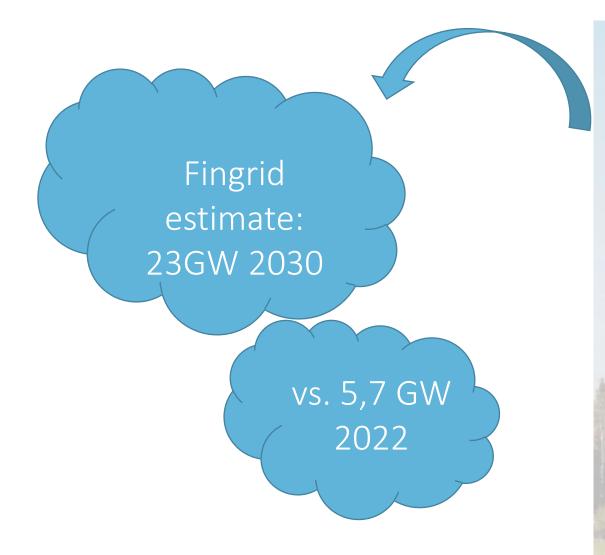
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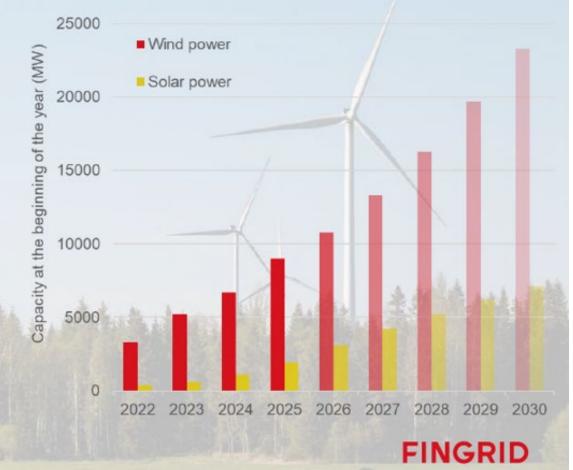




#### Fast growth of wind power

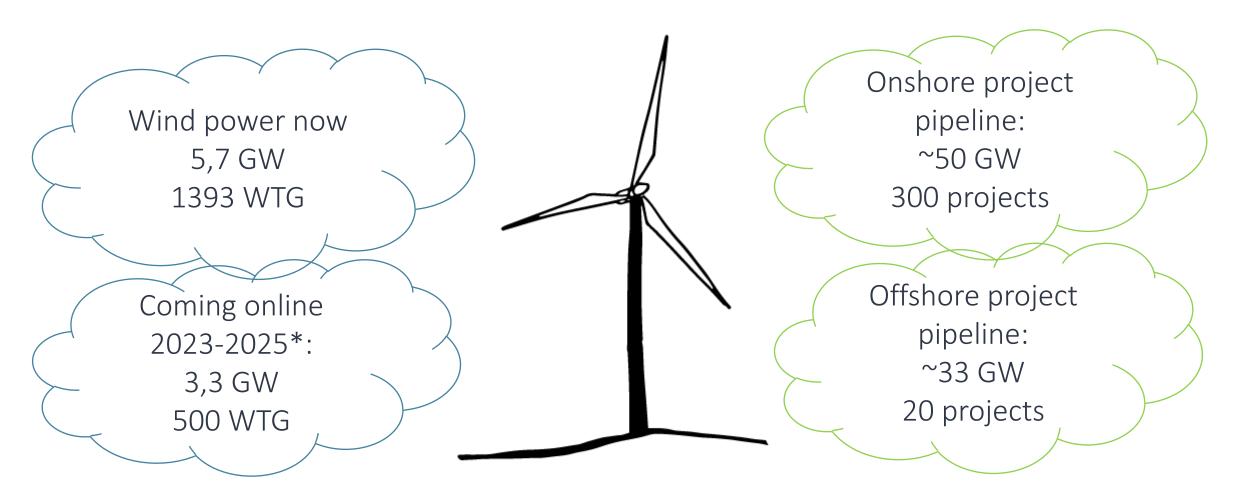


#### Expected wind and solar power capacity

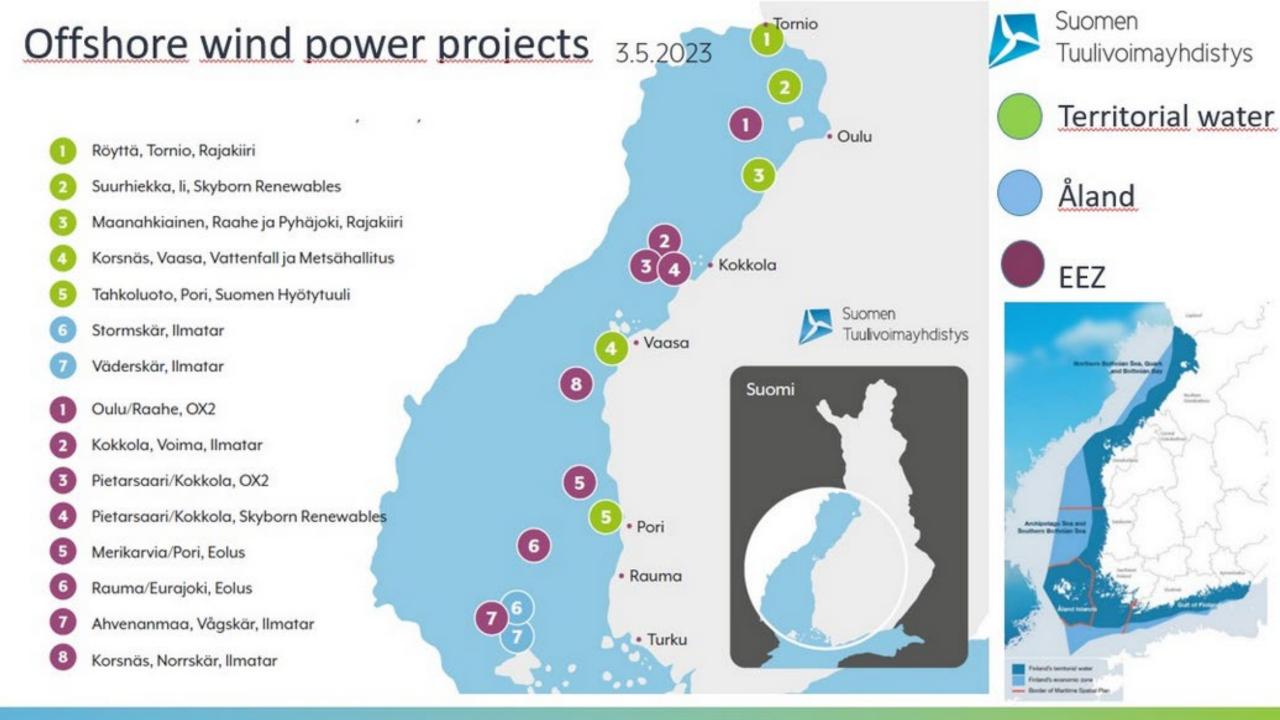




#### Fast growing capacity



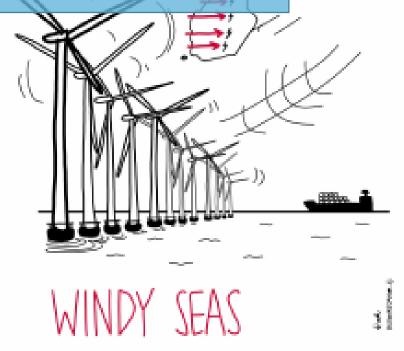
\* According to the investment decisions published before 30<sup>th</sup> of Jan 2023





### TSO Fingrid visions big for offshore

Note! 1 of 4 scenarios, the most positive for offshore wind power!



- According to Fingrid Network Vision, "Windy Seas" scenario, in 2035
  - Electricity consumption is 163 TWh (2045: 210 TWh)
  - Offshore wind production 71 TWh (2045: 143 TWh)
- In all 4 scenarios the electricity consumption will rise from current 86 TWh to 128-188 TWh by 2035

## Energy sector transforming – and it all emphasizes the need of wind power

- Nuclear will be the second biggest method then
- Hydro production remains on current level
- Solar has a lot of potential
- CHP declining
- P2X and demand response growing
- Heat storages, industrial electric boilers, batteries, pumped-hydro plant...
- Wind power will be the biggest production method 2026/2027

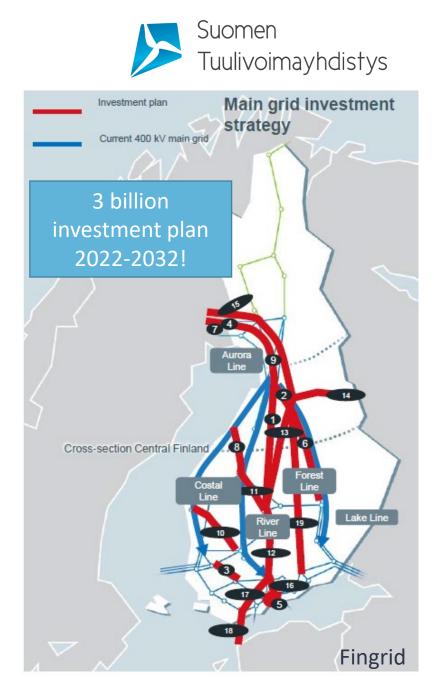


Photo: Suomen Hyötytuuli



## Topical in (wind) energy sector & politics

- The new governmental programme
- (EU) market reform
- Grids
- Co-existence with military radars, Eastern Finland
- Windfall
- Finland will switch from being a net-importer to be a net-exporter (around 2027)



# Topical in (offshore wind) energy sector & politics

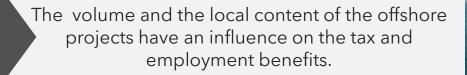


- EEZ exclusivity & costs
- Property tax of offshore wind turbines on territorial waters needs to be brought to equal level with onshore turbines
- Auctions on territorial waters by Metsähallitus 2+2 2023-2024
- Finland has defined the TEN-E offshore targets:
  - 1 GW in 2030
  - 5 GW in 2040
  - 12 GW in 2050

FWPA: 100 TWh of annual production (~25 GW) in 2040 The offshore project pipeline is approximately 33 GW.

It is estimated that these projects would be **on-line by 2045**.

33 GW offshore capacity would have got a remarkable employment and tax benefits to Finland.



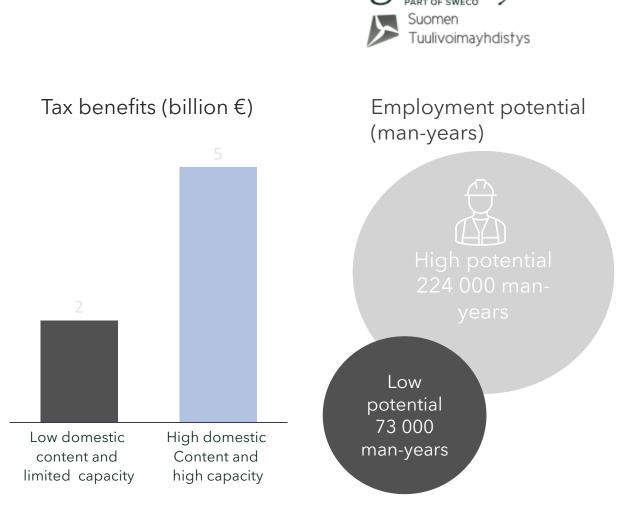


The 33 GW offshore project pipeline can mean 224 000 person-years and the tax impacts 4,5 billion euros over the lifetime of the wind farms.

#### The full potential can be reached by investing in the Finnish supply chain.

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Investments in offshore wind power pay off in taxes and jobs.



Tax and employment benefits with low domestic content and small capacity (16 GW)

Tax and employment benefits with hight domestic content and high capacity (29 GW)



#### WIND FINLAND 2023 THE WIND POWER EVENT OF THE YEAR

**4 OCT. 2023** KAAPELITEHDAS, HELSINKI