DR ALI GHAFFARIAN DR AMIRHOSEIN GHAFFARIAN





PROTOTYPES TO AN ENERGY EFFICIENT FUTURE



SUSTAINABILITY







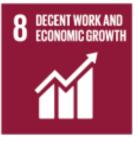


































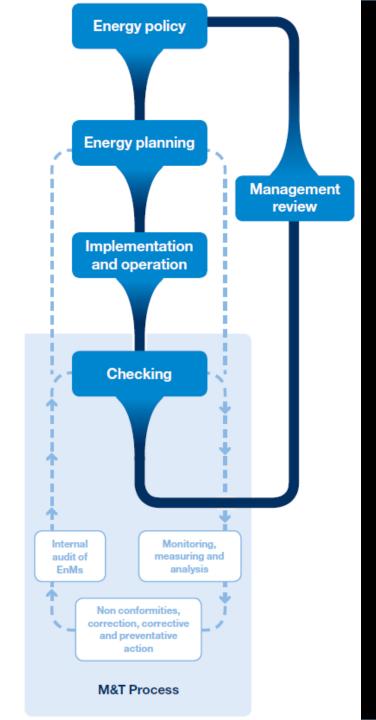


SUSTAINABILITY Hardware VS Software

HARDWARE

INTELLIGENT BUILDINGS

- BMS
 - SMART & ENERGY EFFICIENT DEVICES
 - ENERGY EFFICIENT MANAGEMENT & CONTROL



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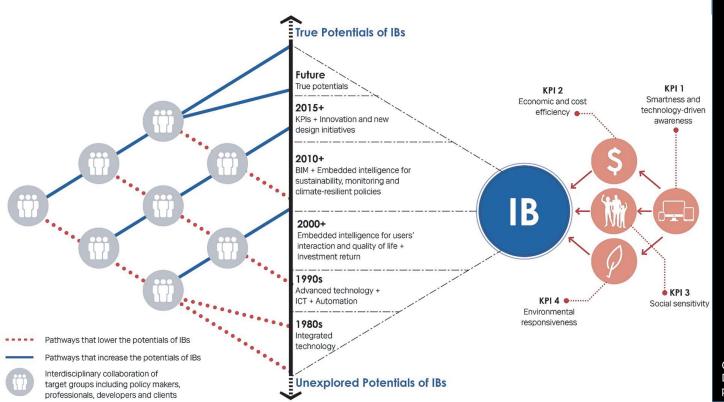
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INTELLIGENT SYSTEMS

BIM

- INTEGRATED INFORMATION MANAGEMENT
- SMART MONITORING & CONTROL



Ghaffarianhoseini, AH., Berardi, U., AlWaer, H., Chang, S., Halawa, E., Ghaffarianhoseini, A., & Clements-Croome, D. (2016). What is an intelligent building? Analysis of recent interpretations from an international perspective. *Architectural Science Review*, *59*(5), 338-357.

INTEGRATING Hardware & Software

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journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/rser

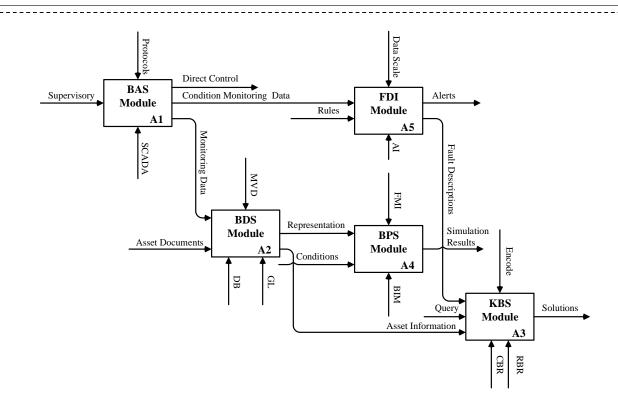


Application of nD BIM Integrated Knowledge-based Building Management System (BIM-IKBMS) for inspecting post-construction energy efficiency



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FUTURE PROOFING

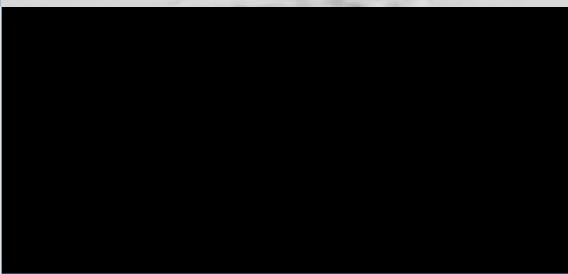
TECHNICAL YET INDIRECT

HOLO-PORTATION

- SMART & ENERGY EFFICIENT BUILDINGS
- SMART OFFICES
- NUMEROUS GREEN POTENTIALS
- FROM VIRTUALITY TO REALITY



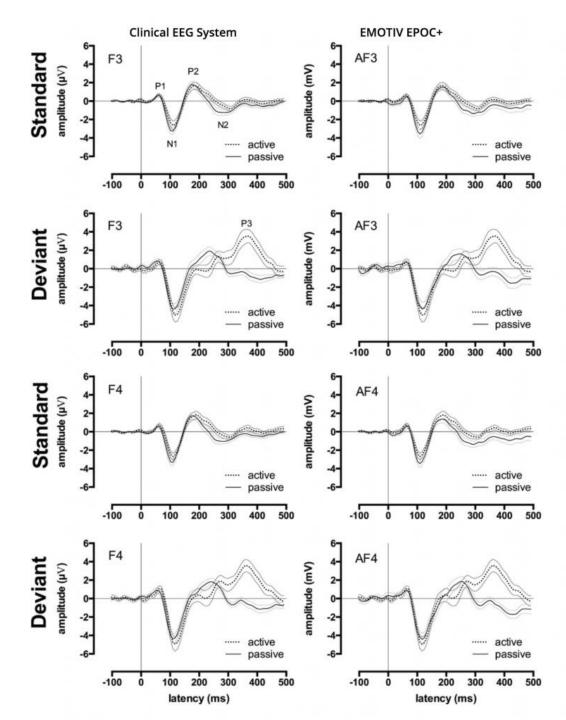




- BEYOND PHYSICS
 - PSYCHOLOGICAL SUSTAINABILITY
 - ELECTROENCEPHALOGRAM (EEG)

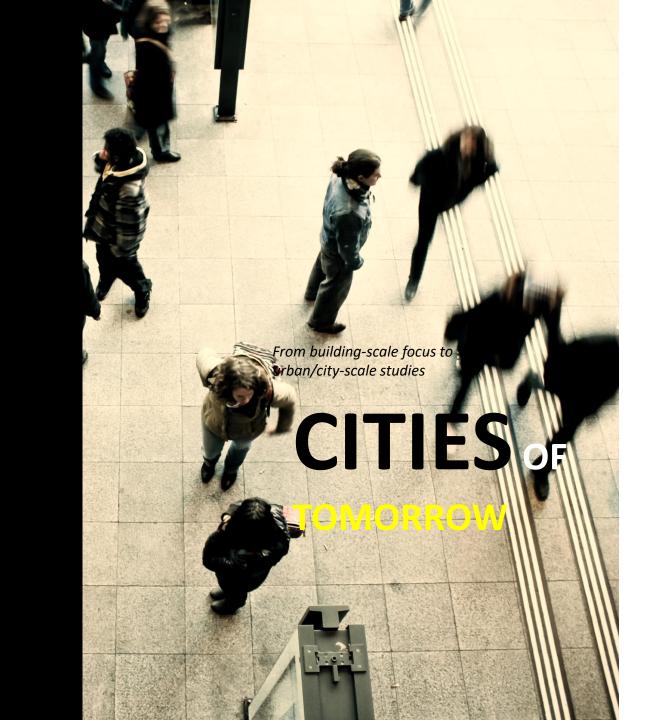




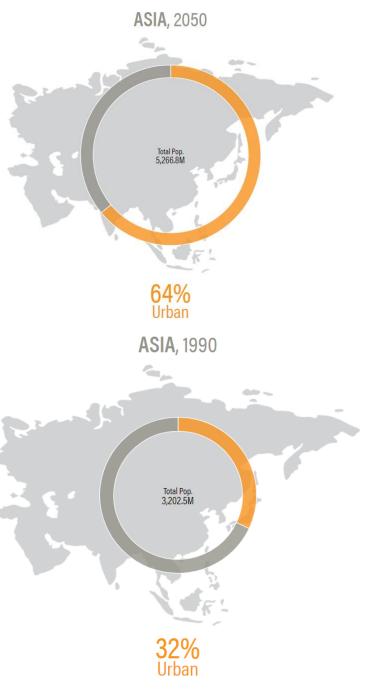


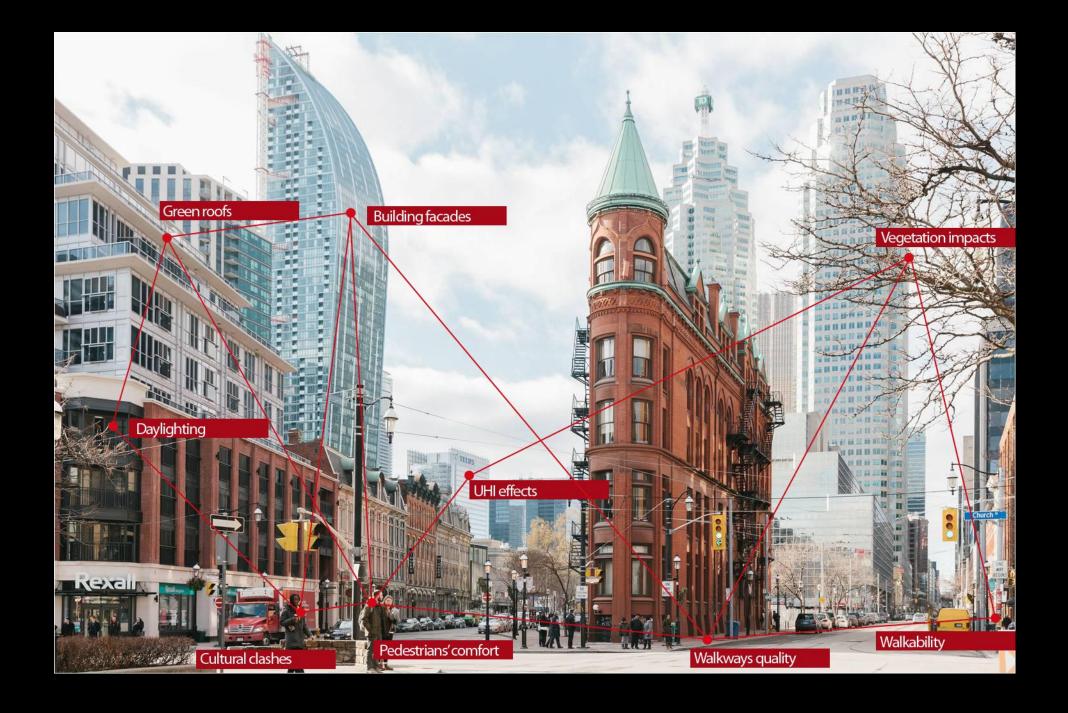
Industry barrier 1 **Common Data** Big data Algorithm Platform **Environment** Technical domain Industry barrier 3 Lack of Communitywork Projectwork **Teamwork** software Lack of Industry barrier 5 cooperation Commercialization Management Industry barrier 7 Lack of expertise Lack of legal Authority Academic focus 7 Academic focus 1: Academic focus 3. Academic focus 5 **Paradigms Specifications Tools** Benchmarks BIM Adoption Academic focus 8: Academic focus 2: Academic focus 6: Academic focus 4: **BIM** adoption **Initial costs** ROI Resistance to culture change Lack of government Strategy demand Lack of client Industry barrier 8 demand Financial domain Lack of organizational ROI demand Lack of Industry barrier 6 individual demand Bidding Effectiveness Efficiency Industry barrier 4 Experience Training **Industry barrier 2**

Integrating all of the above yet avoiding to become victim of technology!









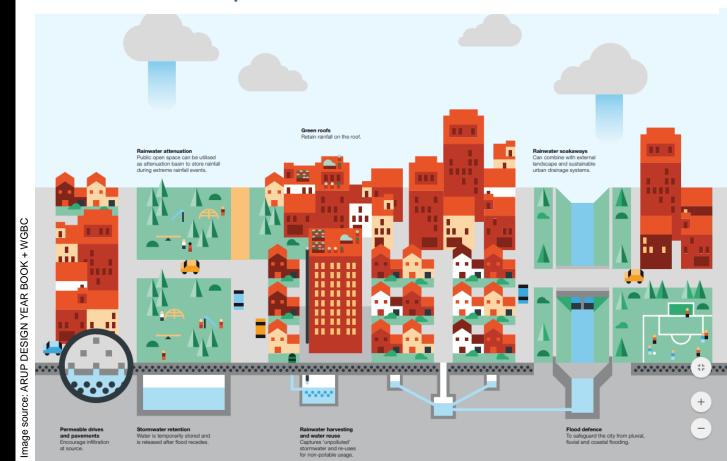


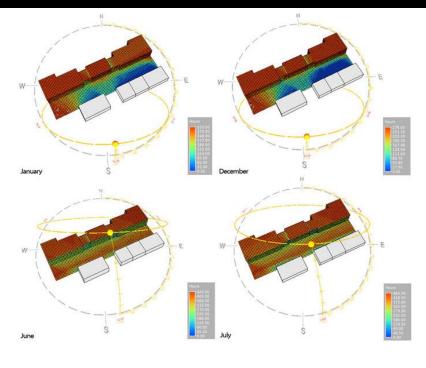


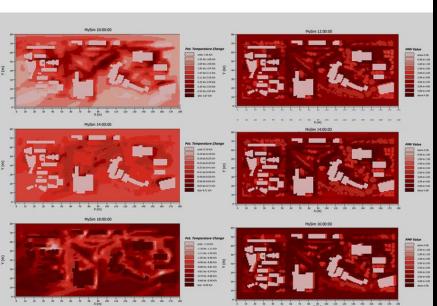
ABOUT GREEN BUILDING ABOUT US OUR GREEN BUILDING COUNCILS OUR WORK

Home > News & Media > Every building on the planet must be 'net zero carbon' by 2050 to keep global warming below 2°C - New report

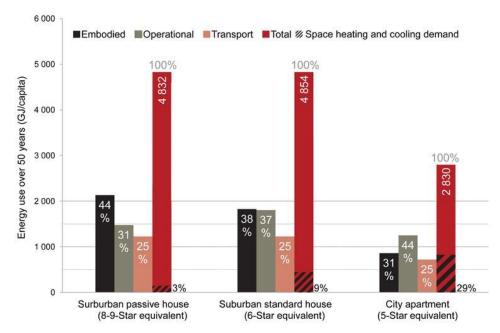
Every building on the planet must be 'net zero carbon' by 2050 to keep global warming below 2°C - New report



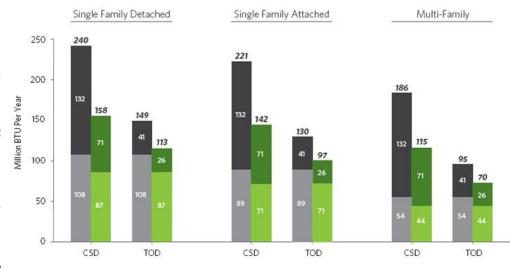






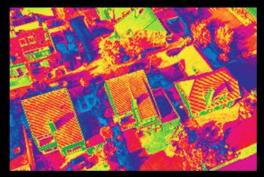




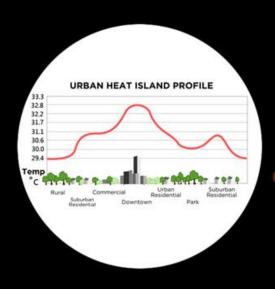


TOD - Transit Oriented Development

CSD - Conventional Suburban Development







What is UHI? Oversimplified Definition of UHI

Diurnal & seasonal variability Dependence on UCZ models
Surface vs. air temperature heat island
Geographic and topographic causations
Other climatic parameters: i.e. RH, Tmrt, PET

Do we adequately care?

STATE-OF-THE-ART ANALYSIS OF THE ENVIRONMENTAL BENEFITS OF GREEN ROOFS

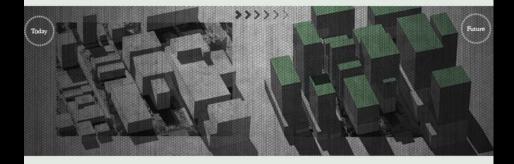
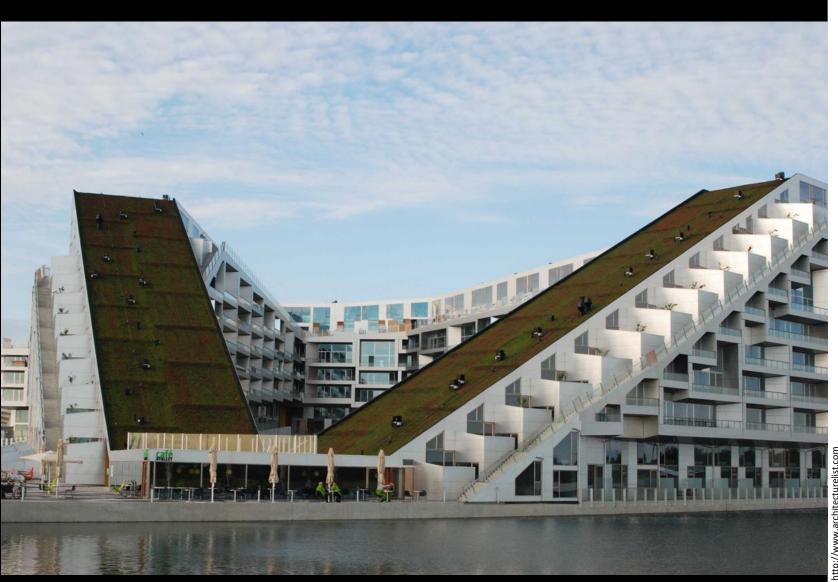
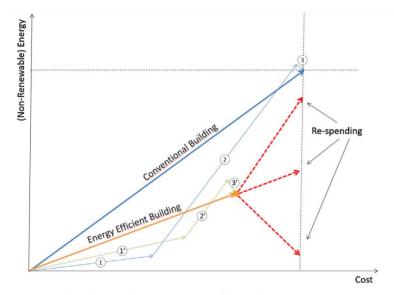




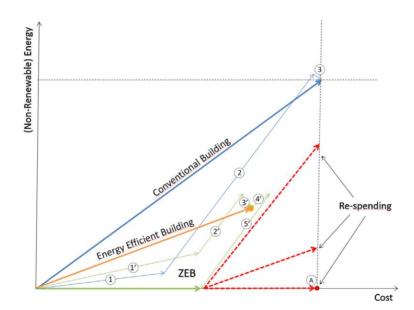
Image source: https://modernfarmer.com



BIG's 8 House Wins the 2010 Scandinavian Green Roof Award



Possible rebound effects resulting from the cumulative life cycle energy/cost of a reference building and an energy efficient building. All vectors are E2 vectors illustrating the relationship between cost and non-renewable energy for the different building phases: Manufacturing/transportation/construction (1 and 1'),



Partial re-spending in renewable energy supply technologies leading to ZEBs. Manufacturing/transportation/installation of renewable energy supply systems (4') and renewable energy fed back into the grid (5').

BUILT ENVIRONMENT ENGINEERING AUT DR ALI GHAFFARIAN DR AMIRHOSEIN GHAFFARIAN

Towards a sustainable + healthy urban future...